

Youth

vs.

Future



BONUS GAME

What opportunities does the EU hold for the Youth?

If you are a young person, interested in how Europe and your country can support you on your way of becoming more employable, then you have plenty of opportunities.

One of them is called the European Solidarity Corps – an initiative that provides volunteer and work options for young people, which benefit local communities in other EU member states. After a simple registration process, the participants could be selected and invited to join a wide range of projects such as helping to prevent natural disasters, assisting in centers for asylum seekers, or addressing different social issues in communities.

Another opportunity is to apply for an internship at an international organization like UNESCO, Unicef, UN or The World Bank where you will have the chance to broaden your horizons and bridge the gap between the academic and the professional world.

The Eurodyssée programme has also been providing the Youth with paid vocational training courses in foreign European regions for the past 25 years. The initiative is aimed at young people aged 18 to 30 years who are resident in one of the programme's member regions. Trainees are entitled to a 3-7 months traineeship, a language course, accommodation, a monthly allowance or salary, insurance cover and a training certificate. The only requirement, however, is to hold a study qualification of some sort and basic knowledge of a foreign language.

Overall, it can be said that Europe offers a lot of great and interesting opportunities for the young people who want to develop themselves and their skills for the professional world.

Olga Andonova



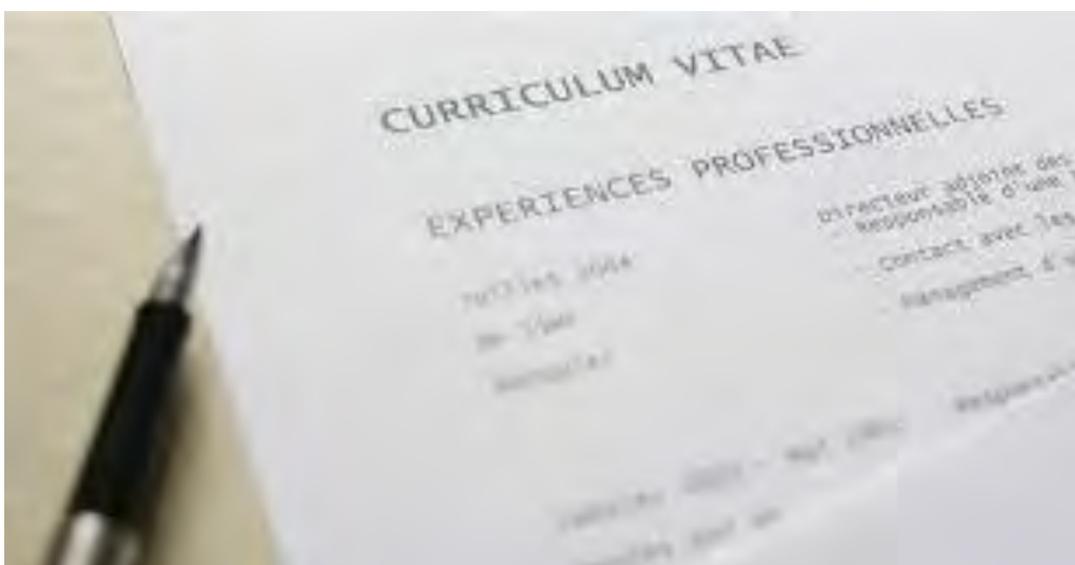
3. Basic computer skills, like Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint. This error is very common in our resumes because many people think that for having done a series of jobs with these apps they have the ability to work at a professional level.
4. Exclude unnecessary references, there is not need to include references unless the job opening specifies it. You only have a limited amount of space to deal with.
5. Add negative information, this means no mention divorces, failed business start-Ups attempts.

- THINGS YOU SHOULD PUT ON YOUR CV

Follow the Correct CV Format

1. Personal details– include: your name and contact details.
2. Personal statement – a well written a personal statement, will help you stand out from the crowd.
3. Education – include details of your degree, relevant training and professional accreditation.
4. Work History – list your employment history in chronological order, include: dates, job title, duties and responsibilities.
5. Skills – list any relevant skills you haven't mentioned so far.
6. Achievements.
7. Hobbies.

Paula Altonaga



4 tips on how to choose the right education

All of us know that it's hard to choose what you want to major in since this will be the thing you are supposed to work all your life. Due to this the majority of young people feel anxious and lost in answering the difficult question 'What should I work?'. A lot of us need some sort of career orientation at least once. So here we have provided some tips on how to choose the right education for you.

- How to choose my specialty?

A lot of young people don't know what education to choose because they have all sorts of different interests (some of which might not even have anything in common). The most secure way to choose a major that suits you is through career orientation. But there are other ways - for example the "4-week challenge".

- Week 1

For 30 minutes a day write down your interests and skills. In the end, choose 2 interests - 1 which is the strongest and 1 has been present for the longest time.

- Week 2

Find all the majors that suit your interests. Ask friends and acquaintances, parents. Again, make a list, but no more than 8 majors.

- Week 3

Check each specialty - exactly what the curriculum contains and what the people who have completed it do, what opportunities it gives.

- Week 4

Once you know more about the eight specialties, set aside those that are realistic. Of those who remain, choose two.

- How to choose only 2 specialties?

This is where the real challenge comes - both specialties meet your interests and your strengths from Week 1. There is no prescription here, it is important to follow your intuition. In fact, many innovative companies already recognize intuition as a skill, and it just evolves - the more you have to make decisions on your own, the more you develop it. The experiment will also help you develop skills such as dealing with the unknown or creativity.

- What if I make a mistake?

There is nothing wrong or scary with finding that this is not your specialty. This may even be helpful. Most good professionals successfully combine knowledge and skills in several fields.

Make habits to learn, turn what you have learned into skills and know when to quit. Whatever you decide, make an effort to develop the skills in this specialty and put them into practice - in projects, internship, volunteering - at least once. So, on the one hand, you will be sure that this area is not for you, and on the other hand, the dry theory will become a skill. And remember that there is no useless skill - our brains work so that it builds up over every skill already developed as if you were training a muscle.

The next step? Do not leave the things you read "only for information". Act and test them and practice them.

Crossword

1. →			9. ↓				
		2. →					
3. →							
4. →							
			5. →				
6. →							
	7. →						
8. →							

1. Person in charge of a meeting.
2. An organization that protects workers' interests.
3. Companies sell goods or
4. Household or business costs.
5. Prices are based on and demand.
6. Something of value owned by a company or person.
7. A company that sells to overseas buyers.
8. A building in which goods are manufactured.

If you complete the crossword correctly, in the gray column you will get:

9. Person who puts money into financial schemes, shares, property and etc.



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